Liquid WHENCH

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Liquid Wrench Silicone Spray - WERCS

Other means of identification

Recommended restrictions

SDS number M914 - WERCS

Part No. M914, M914/6, M914/4

Tariff code 3403.19.1000
Recommended use Lubricant

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name

Address

RSC Chemical Solutions
600 Radiator Road
Indian Trail, NC 28079

United States

None known.

Telephone Customer Service: (704) 821-7643

Technical: (704) 684-1811

Website www.rscbrands.com
E-mail sds@rscbrands.com

Emergency phone number Emergency Telephone: (303) 623-5716

Emergency Contact: RMPDC (877) 740-5015

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 2

Gases under pressure Compressed gas

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Contains gas under

pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin

irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open

flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash

with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Material name: Liquid Wrench Silicone Spray - WERCS M914, M914/6, M914/4 Version #: 01 Issue date: 08-29-2017

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Combustible. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

79.43% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 83.17% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 51.73% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 38.33% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 19.36% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light		64742-47-8	10 - < 20
Naphtha (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy		64742-48-9	10 - < 20
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph.		64742-88-7	10 - < 20
Stoddard Solvent		8052-41-3	10 - < 20
Dimethylpolysiloxane		63148-62-9	5 - < 10
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic		64742-52-5	5 - < 10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	1 - < 3
BENZENE, DIMETHYL		1330-20-7	1 - < 3
BENZENE, METHYL-		108-88-3	1 - < 3
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-		98-82-8	1 - < 3
Carbon Dioxide		124-38-9	1 - < 3
Corrosion Inhibitor		Mixture	1 - < 3
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	1 - < 3
HEXANE		110-54-3	1 - < 3
Nonane		111-84-2	1 - < 3
Trimethylbenzene		25551-13-7	1 - < 3
BENZENE		71-43-2	< 0.3
NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3	< 0.3
Other components below reportable	levels		1 - < 3

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get Skin contact

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if **Eve contact** present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. Combustible.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving containers, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport containers. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)				
Components	Type	Value		
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	5 ppm		
	TWA	1 ppm		
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
Components	Туре	Value	Form	
BENZENE, DIMETHYL (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3		
,		100 ppm		
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHY L- (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3		
,		50 ppm		
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3		
,		5000 ppm		
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.	
-,		2000 mg/m3		
		500 ppm		
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3		

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Components	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.10 Type	000) Value	Form
		100 ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS	PEL	435 mg/m3	
100-41-4)		100 ppm	
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
, (6,	· 	500 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum),	PEL	400 mg/m3	
Hydrotreated Heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)			
517 12 10 0)		100 ppm	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS	PEL	50 mg/m3	
91-20-3)		10 ppm	
Stoddard Solvent (CAS	PEL	2900 mg/m3	
3052-41-3)		•	
UO . COLLA T. L.L. 7 0 (00 OFF) 4040	4000)	500 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910. Components	1000) Type	Value	
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	Ceiling TWA	25 ppm 10 ppm	
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS	Ceiling	300 ppm	
108-88-3) (•		
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		Valor	- Caum
Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	
(CAS 95-63-6) BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	2.5 ppm	
(================================	TWA	0.5 ppm	
BENZENE, DIMETHYL	STEL	150 ppm	
(CAS 1330-20-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	
108-88-3)			
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHY L- (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide (CAS	STEL	30000 ppm	
124-38-9)		• •	
Distillator (notraloum)	TWA TWA	5000 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy	TWA	5 mg/m3	innalable fraction.
Naphthenic (CAS			
64742-52-5) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	
100-41-4)	IWA	20 ρριτι	
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	200 ppm	
Solvent Naphtha	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
(petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)			
CAS 64742-88-7) Stoddard Solvent (CAS	TWA	100 ppm	
8052-41-3)			
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)	TWA	25 ppm	
2000 1-13-7) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	ical Hazardo		
OS. NIOSA: POCKET Guide to Chem Components	Type	Value	Form
•			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
		25 ppm	
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	1 ppm	
	TWA	0.1 ppm	
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHY (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3	
(======================================		50 ppm	
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
27 00 0 _j		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum),	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	Cenning	1000 mg/mo	
7.7.12.02.0)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 00-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
,		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
(50 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3	
,		15 ppm	
	TWA	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	1050 mg/m3	
(200 ppm	
Solvent Naphtha petroleum), Medium Aliph. CAS 64742-88-7)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
700E 41-0)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
	1 **/ 1	330 mg/mo	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposi Components	ure Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)	25 μg/g	S-Phenylmerca pturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, DIMETHYL (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	S 0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Skin designation applies.
Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-88-7)

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Not available.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Chemical respirator with

organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece if threshold limits are exceeded.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear. Liquid
Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol. Compressed gas.

ColorPale yellowOdorPetroleumOdor thresholdNot available.pHNot available.

Melting point/freezing point -94 °F (-70 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 314.6 °F (157 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 117.0 °F (47.2 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

0.7 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

6 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure0.26 hPa estimatedVapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Insoluble

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 229 °F (109.44 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 6.80 lbs/gal **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flame extension 25 in Flammability (flash back) No

Flammability class Flammable IC estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 32.78 kJ/g estimated

30B)

Moisture< 0.03 %</th>Oxidizing propertiesNot oxidizing.Percent volatile5.23 % estimated

Refractive index 1.44
Specific gravity 0.82

VOC 58.5 % w/w

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materialsStrong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.Hazardous decompositionNo hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components Species Test Results

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

BENZENE, DIMETHYL (CAS 1330-20-7)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 1400 mg/kg

Dimethylpolysiloxane (CAS 63148-62-9)

Acute
Dermal
Liquid

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2 g/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 490 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

BENZENE, DIMETHYL (CAS 1330-20-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)
2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Cancer

Material name: Liquid Wrench Silicone Spray - WERCS M914, M914/6, M914/4 Version #: 01 Issue date: 08-29-2017

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	(CAS 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2	2)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	8.76 - 15.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	7.2 - 11.7 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, DIMETHYL ((CAS 1330-20-7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, METHYL- (C	CAS 108-88-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE,1-METHYLE	THYL- (CAS 98-8	2-8)	
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Dimethylpolysiloxane (C	AS 63148-62-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)	2.36 - 4.15 mg/l, 96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), F	Hydrotreated Light	t (CAS 64742-47-8)	
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.9 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS	100-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3	3)		
Aquatic	•		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l. 96 hours

Material name: Liquid Wrench Silicone Spray - WERCS

SDS US

Components Species Test Results

Naphtha (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Rainbow trout.donaldson trout 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha) 1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

BENZENE 2.13 BENZENE, DIMETHYL 3.12 - 3.2BENZENE. METHYL-2.73 BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-3.66 **ETHYLBENZENE** 3.15 **HEXANE** 3.9 **NAPHTHALENE** 3.3 5.46 Nonane Stoddard Solvent 3.16 - 7.15

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste codeThe waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 8, 146, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions 155
Packaging non bulk 203
Packaging bulk 241

IATA

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosol, flammable

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1950 **UN proper shipping name** Aerosols

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed. BENZENE, DIMETHYL (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed. BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Listed. BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Listed. ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3) Listed. NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Listed. Listed. Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Cancer

Central nervous system

Blood Aspiration Skin Eye

respiratory tract irritation

Flammability

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - < 3	
BENZENE	71-43-2	< 0.3	
BENZENE, DIMETHYL	1330-20-7	1 - < 3	
BENZENE, METHYL-	108-88-3	1 - < 3	
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-	98-82-8	1 - < 3	
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1 - < 3	
HEXANE	110-54-3	1 - < 3	
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	< 0.3	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)

BENZENE, DIMETHYL (CAS 1330-20-7) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Material name: Liquid Wrench Silicone Spray - WERCS M914, M914/6, M914/4 Version #: 01 Issue date: 08-29-2017

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

6594

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and

birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)
Listed: February 27, 1987
Listed: April 6, 2010
Listed: June 11, 2004
Listed: April 19, 2002

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997 BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2)

BENZENE, DIMETHYL (CAS 1330-20-7) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

HEXANE (CAS 110-54-3)

Naphtha (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Medium Aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)

Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 08-29-2017

Version # 01
HMIS® ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 3

Material name: Liquid Wrench Silicone Spray - WERCS

M914, M914/6, M914/4 Version #: 01 Issue date: 08-29-2017

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

NFPA ratings

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 3

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.